

WG21/N1097
J16/97-0059
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1997-07-17

Clause 22 diffs

```
*** lib-locales Mon Jul 14 10:25:58 1997
--- lib-locales.new.txt Thu Jul 17 08:28:30 1997
*****
*** 6,9 ****
--- 6,17 ----
    support for character classification and string collation, numeric,
    monetary, and date/time formatting and parsing, and message retrieval.
+ .\" Germany 22/ lib.localization, actually a change to lib.iterator.requirement
+ .eN
+ Change clause [lib.iterator.requirement] so that is explicitly says
+ that _all_ functions in the library, that take ranges, have to define
+ a reasonable behavior for valid ranges and may exhibit undefined
+ behavior for invalid ranges. So far, the standard states this only
+ for algorithms.
+ .nE
. P
The following subclauses describe components for
*****
*** 38,56 ****
    template <class Facet> bool           has_facet(const locale&) throw();
.Ce
.Cb
\f6// subclause _lib.locale.convenience_, convenience interfaces:\fP
!   template <class charT> bool isspace (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP) const
;
!   template <class charT> bool isprint (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP) const
;
!   template <class charT> bool iscntrl (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP) const
;
!   template <class charT> bool isupper (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP) const
;
!   template <class charT> bool islower (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP) const
;
!   template <class charT> bool isalpha (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP) const
;
!   template <class charT> bool isdigit (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP) const
;
!   template <class charT> bool ispunct (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP) const
;
!   template <class charT> bool isxdigit(charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP) const
;
!   template <class charT> bool isalnum (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP) const
;
!   template <class charT> bool isgraph (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP) const
;
!   template <class charT> charT toupper(charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP) const
;
!   template <class charT> charT tolower(charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP) const
;
.Ce
.Cb
--- 46,65 ----
    template <class Facet> bool           has_facet(const locale&) throw();
.Ce
+ .\" USA CD2-22-07 lib.locales [remove 'const' from non-member is* functions]
.Cb
\f6// subclause _lib.locale.convenience_, convenience interfaces:\fP
!   template <class charT> bool isspace (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP);
!   template <class charT> bool isprint (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP);
```

```

! template <class charT> bool iscntrl (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP);
! template <class charT> bool isupper (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP);
! template <class charT> bool islower (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP);
! template <class charT> bool isalpha (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP);
! template <class charT> bool isdigit (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP);
! template <class charT> bool ispunct (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP);
! template <class charT> bool isxdigit(charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP);
! template <class charT> bool isalnum (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP);
! template <class charT> bool isgraph (charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP);
! template <class charT> charT toupper(charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP);
! template <class charT> charT tolower(charT \f6c\fP, const locale& \f6loc\fP);

.Ce
.Cb
*****
*** 136,145 ****
    locale(const locale& \f6other\fP, const char* \f6std_name\fP, category);
    template <class Facet> locale(const locale& \f6other\fP, Facet* \f6f\fP);
-   template <class Facet> locale(const locale& \f6other\fP,
-                                const locale& \f6one\fP);
-   locale(const locale& \f6other\fP, const locale& \f6one\fP, category);
~locale() throw(); \f6// non-virtual\fP
const locale& operator=(const locale& \f6other\fP) throw();
.Ce
.Cb
    \&\f6// locale operations:\fP\&
--- 145,154 ----
    locale(const locale& \f6other\fP, const char* \f6std_name\fP, category);
    template <class Facet> locale(const locale& \f6other\fP, Facet* \f6f\fP);
    locale(const locale& \f6other\fP, const locale& \f6one\fP, category);
~locale() throw(); \f6// non-virtual\fP
const locale& operator=(const locale& \f6other\fP) throw();
+   template <class Facet> locale combine(const locale& \f6other\fP);

.Ce
+ .\" USA CD2-22-005 22.1.1 lib.locale [eliminate template<-> locale( other, one) ]
.Cb
    \&\f6// locale operations:\fP\&
*****
*** 170,177 ****
sense, it's just a class interface; at the same time, it's an index
into a locale's set of facets.
.P
Access to the facets of a
.CW locale
! is via two member function templates,
.CW use_facet<>
and
--- 179,189 ----
sense, it's just a class interface; at the same time, it's an index
into a locale's set of facets.
+ .\" Germany 22 22. (or lib.locale) ["pure virtual" - decision: no change]
.P
+ .\" Netherlands _2211/a lib.locale [use_facet and has_facet aren't members]
+ .\" USA CD2-22-008 22.1.1 [duplicate issue]
Access to the facets of a
.CW locale
! is via two function templates,
.CW use_facet<>
and
*****
*** 188,191 ****
--- 200,205 ----
.CW ostreambuf_iterator<charT,traits> .
.Fe
+ .\" Netherlands _2211/b 22.1.1 lib.locale [cerberos needs ctor argument]
+ .\" USA CD2-22-009 22.1.1 lib.locale [duplicate issue]
.Cb
    template <class charT, class traits>

```

```
*****
*** 193,197 ****
    operator<< (basic_ostream<charT,traits>& s, Date d)
{
!   typename basic_ostream<charT,traits>::sentry cerberos;
    if (cerberos) {
        ios_base::iostate err = 0;
--- 207,211 ----
    operator<< (basic_ostream<charT,traits>& s, Date d)
{
!   typename basic_ostream<charT,traits>::sentry cerberos(s);
    if (cerberos) {
        ios_base::iostate err = 0;
*****
*** 352,356 ****
    num_put<char>, num_put<wchar_t>

! time  time_get<char>, time_put<wchar_t>,
    time_put<char>, time_put<wchar_t>

--- 366,370 ----
    num_put<char>, num_put<wchar_t>

! time  time_get<char>, time_get<wchar_t>,
    time_put<char>, time_put<wchar_t>

*****
*** 358,362 ****
.TE
.Te
! .P
For any locale \f6loc\fP
either constructed, or returned by
--- 372,377 ----
.TE
.Te
! .\" Netherlands _221111/ 22.1.1.1.1 [fix time_get<wchar_t> in T52]
!.P
For any locale \f6loc\fP
either constructed, or returned by
*****
*** 374,377 ****
--- 389,393 ----
facet templates identified as members of a category, and for those
shown in Table \n+(Tn:
+.\" Germany CD2-22-019(SecondPart) 2 actually 22.1.1.1.1 lib.locale.category
.Ts "Required Instantiations"
.na
*****
*** 388,395 ****
monetary      moneypunct_byname<char,International>,
    moneypunct_byname<wchar_t,International>,
!   money_get<char,InputIterator>,
!   money_get<wchar_t,InputIterator>,
!   money_put<char,OutputIterator>,
!   money_put<wchar_t,OutputIterator>

numeric       numpunct_byname<char>, numpunct_byname<wchar_t>
--- 404,409 ----
monetary      moneypunct_byname<char,International>,
    moneypunct_byname<wchar_t,International>,
!   money_get<C,InputIterator>,
!   money_put<C,OutputIterator>

numeric       numpunct_byname<char>, numpunct_byname<wchar_t>
*****
*** 404,420 ****
```

```

        time_put<wchar_t,OutputIterator>
        time_put_byname<wchar_t,OutputIterator>

.TE
.Te
.P
! For the facets
! .CW num_get<>
and
! .CW num_put<>
! the implementation provided must depend only on the corresponding facets
! .CW numpunct<>
and
! .CW ctype<> ,
instantiated on the same character type. Other facets are allowed to
! depend on any other facet that is part of a standard category.
.P
In declarations of facets, a template formal parameter with name
--- 418,451 ----
        time_put<wchar_t,OutputIterator>
        time_put_byname<wchar_t,OutputIterator>
+
+ messages      messages_byname<char>, messages_byname<wchar_t>
.TE
.Te
+ .\" Germany 221111/ lib.locale.category [add messages_byname to T53]
.P
! .\" Germany CD2-22-004 22.1.1.1 lib.locale.category
! .\" USA CD2-22-004 22.1.1.1 [duplicate issue]
! The provided implementation of members of facets
! .CW num_get<charT>
and
! .CW num_put<charT>
calls
! .CW use_facet<F>(1)
! only for facet
! .CW F
! of types
! .CW numpunct<charT>
and
! .CW ctype<charT>,
and for locale
! .CW 1
! the value obtained
! by calling member
! .CW getloc()
on the
! .CW ios_base&
! argument to these functions.
! .\" Germany _221111/ 22.1.1.1 lib.locale.category [num_get, num_put, message_bynam
e]
! .\" TODO
.P
In declarations of facets, a template formal parameter with name
*****
*** 458,462 ***
derived from
.CW locale::facet
! and containing a declaration as follows:
.Cb
    static ::std::locale::id id;
--- 489,501 ----
derived from
.CW locale::facet
! .\" USA CD2-22-010 22.1.1.1.2 [mention "public"]
! and containing a publicly-accessible declaration as follows:\*f
! .\" Germany CD2-22-019 22 actually 22.1.1.2 lib.locale.facet
! .Fs

```

```

! This is a complete list of requirements;
! there are no other requirements.
! Thus, a facet class need not have a public copy constructor,
! assignment, default constructor, destructor, etc.
! .Fe
! .Cb
    static ::std::locale::id id;
*****
*** 472,483 ****
    argument to the constructor is used for lifetime management.
    .LI
! If
! .CW "(\f6refs\fP == 0)"
! the facet's lifetime is managed by the locale or locales it is
! incorporated into;
! .LI
! if
! .CW "(\f6refs\fP == 1)"
! its lifetime is until explicitly deleted.
    .P
    Constructors of all
--- 511,531 ----
    argument to the constructor is used for lifetime management.
    .LI
! .\" USA CD2-22-011 22.1.1.1.2 lib.locale.facet [revise "refs" wording]
! .\" USA CD2-22-020 22.1.1.1.2 lib.locale.facet [use "destructed" not "delete"?]
! For
! .CW "\f6refs\fP == 0",
! the implementation performs
! .CW delete static_cast<locale::facet*>(f)
! (where
! .CW f
! is a pointer to the facet) when the last
! .CW locale
! object containing the facet is destroyed;
! for
! .CW "\f6refs\fP == 1",
! the implementation never destroys the facet.
! .eN
! This wording may require using "destroyed" instead of "deleted".
! .nE
    .P
    Constructors of all
*****
*** 607,627 ****
    .La Notes:
    The resulting locale has no name.
    .Pb
- template <class Facet> locale(const locale& \f6other\fP, const locale& \f6one\fP);
- .Pe
- .La Effects:
- Constructs a locale incorporating all facets from the first
- argument except that identified by
- .CW Facet ,
- and that facet from the second argument instead.
- .La Throws:
- .CW runtime_error
- if
- .CW "has_facet<\f6Facet\fP>(\f6one\fP)"
- is
- .CW false .
- .La Notes:
- The resulting locale has no name.
- .Pb
    locale(const locale& \f6other\fP, const locale& \f6one\fP, category \f6cats\fP);
    .Pe
--- 655,660 ----

```

```

.La Notes:
The resulting locale has no name.
+ .\" USA CD2-22-005 [also affecting 22.1.1.2 lib.locale.cons: delete one ctor]
.Pb
locale(const locale& \f6other\fP, const locale& \f6one\fP, category \f6cats\fP);
.Pe
*****
*** 644,647 ****
--- 677,702 ----
.H4 "\&\f7locale\fP\& members" lib.locale.members
.\
+ .\" USA CD2-22-005 22.1.1 actually 22.1.1.3 lib.locale.members [add combine]
+ .ix "[locale] [combine]"
.Pb
+ template <class Facet> locale combine(const locale& \f6other\fP);
+ .Pe
+ .La Effects:
+ Constructs a locale incorporating
+ all facets from
+ .CW *this
+ except for that one facet of
+ .CW other
+ that is identified by
+ .CW Facet .
+ .La Returns:
+ The newly created locale.
+ .La Throws:
+ .CW runtime_error
+ if
+ .CW has_facet<Facet>(other)
+ is false.
+ .La Notes:
+ The resulting locale has no name.
.ix "[locale] [name]"
.Pb
*****
*** 652,655 ****
--- 707,719 ----
.CW *this ,
if it has one; otherwise, the string \f5"**"\fP.
+ .\" USA CD2-22-012 22.1.1.2 lib.locale.cons
+ If
+ .CW *this
+ has a name, then
+ .CW locale(name())
+ is equivalent to
+ .CW *this.
+ Details of
+ the contents of the resulting string are otherwise implementation-defined.
.\
--- 816,824 ----
.H4 "\&\f7locale\fP\& operators" lib.locale.operators
*****
*** 752,759 ****
.La Returns:
a reference to the corresponding facet of \&\f6loc\fP, if present.
.La Throws:
.CW bad_cast
if
! .CW "has_facet<Facet>(*this)"
is
.CW false .
--- 816,824 ----
.La Returns:
a reference to the corresponding facet of \&\f6loc\fP, if present.
+ .\" USA CD2-22-013 22.1.2 lib.locale.global.templates [change *this to loc]
.La Throws:
.CW bad_cast

```

```

if
! .CW "has_facet<Facet>(loc)"
is
.CW false .
*****
*** 842,846 ****
and
.CW get() ,
! respectively. Each such member function takes an
.CW ios_base&
.ix "[ios_base] [flags]"
--- 907,914 ----
and
.CW get() ,
! respectively.
! .\" Germany CD2-22-029 22 lib.localization [no change]
! .\" Explain why the put & get functions take non-const ios_base& ?
! Each such member function takes an
.CW ios_base&
.ix "[ios_base] [flags]"
*****
*** 901,907 ****
    explicit ctype(size_t \f6refs\fP = 0);
.Ce
.Cb
    bool      is(mask \f6m\fP, charT \f6c\fP) const;
!    const charT* is(const charT* \f6low\fP, const charT* \f6high\fP, mask* vec) const;
t;
    const charT* scan_is(mask \f6m\fP,
                           const charT* \f6low\fP, const charT* \f6high\fP) const;
--- 969,977 ----
    explicit ctype(size_t \f6refs\fP = 0);
.Ce
+ .\" editorial font correction on vec below
+ .\" USA CD2-22-014 22.2.1.1 lib.locale.ctype [add arg types to toupper prototype (above)]
.Cb
    bool      is(mask \f6m\fP, charT \f6c\fP) const;
!    const charT* is(const charT* \f6low\fP, const charT* \f6high\fP, mask* \f6vec\fP)
) const;
    const charT* scan_is(mask \f6m\fP,
                           const charT* \f6low\fP, const charT* \f6high\fP) const;
*****
*** 908,912 ****
    const charT* scan_not(mask \f6m\fP,
                           const charT* \f6low\fP, const charT* \f6high\fP) const;
!    charT      toupper(charT) const;
    const charT* toupper(charT* \f6low\fP, const charT* \f6high\fP) const;
    charT      tolower(charT \f6c\fP) const;
--- 978,982 ----
    const charT* scan_not(mask \f6m\fP,
                           const charT* \f6low\fP, const charT* \f6high\fP) const;
!    charT      toupper(charT \f6c\fP) const;
    const charT* toupper(charT* \f6low\fP, const charT* \f6high\fP) const;
    charT      tolower(charT \f6c\fP) const;
*****
*** 956,961 ****
for character classing during input parsing.
.P
! The base class implementation implements character classing appropriate
to the implementation's native character set.
.\\"---
.H5 "\&\f7ctype\fP\& members" lib.locale.ctype.members
--- 1026,1038 ----
for character classing during input parsing.
.P
! The instantiations required in Table 52, namely

```

```

! .CW ctype<char>
! and
! .CW ctype<wchar_t> ,
! implement character classing appropriate
  to the implementation's native character set.
+ .eN
+ Check the table number for "Table 52" hereafter.
+ .nE
  .\-----
  .H5 "\&\f7ctype\fP\& members" lib.locale.ctype.members
*****
*** 1043,1052 ****
  of type
  .CW ctype_base::mask .
! The second form places \f6M\fP for all
  .CW *\f6p\fP
  where
  .CW "(\f6low\fP<=\f6p\fP && \f6p\fP<\f6high\fP)" ,
! into
  .CW "\f6vec\fP[\f6p\fP-\f6low\fP]" .
  .La Returns:
  The first form returns the result of the expression
--- 1120,1132 ---
  of type
  .CW ctype_base::mask .
! The second form identifies a value \f6M\fP of type
  ! .CW ctype_base::mask
  ! for each
  .CW *\f6p\fP
  where
  .CW "(\f6low\fP<=\f6p\fP && \f6p\fP<\f6high\fP)" ,
! and places it into
  .CW "\f6vec\fP[\f6p\fP-\f6low\fP]" .
+ .\" Germany CD2-22-025 22.2.1.1.2 lib.locale.ctype.virtuals [clarify do_is]
  .La Returns:
  The first form returns the result of the expression
*****
*** 1300,1309 ****
  static const mask* classic_table() throw();
.Ce
.Cb
  ~ctype(); \f6// virtual\fP
!   virtual char      do_toupper(char) const;
!   virtual const char* do_toupper(char* \f6low\fP, const char* \f6high\fP) const;
!   virtual char      do_tolower(char) const;
!   virtual const char* do_tolower(char* \f6low\fP, const char* \f6high\fP) const;
  };
}
--- 1380,1400 ---
  static const mask* classic_table() throw();
.Ce
+ .\" USA CD2-22-001 22.2.1.3 lib.facet.ctype.special [and minor edits]
.Cb
  ~ctype(); \f6// virtual\fP
!   virtual char      do_toupper(char \f6c\fP) const;
!   virtual const char* do_toupper(char* \f6low\fP, const char* \f6high\fP) const;
!   virtual char      do_tolower(char \f6c\fP) const;
!   virtual const char* do_tolower(char* \f6low\fP, const char* \f6high\fP) const;
+
+   virtual char      do_widen(char \f6c\fP) const;
+   virtual const char* do_widen(const char* \f6low\fP,
+                                const char* \f6high\fP,
+                                char* \f6to\fP) const;
+   virtual char      do_narrow(char \f6c\fP, char \f6dfault\fP) const;
+   virtual const char* do_narrow(const char* \f6low\fP,
+                                const char* \f6high\fP,
+                                char \f6dfault\fP, char* \f6to\fP) const;
+
+

```

```

+
    };
}
*****
*** 1444,1454 ****
    char* \f6to\fP) const;
.Pe
!.La Effects:
!.CW "::memcpy(\f6to\fP, \f6low\fP, \f6high\fP-\f6low\fP)"
!.ix "[memcpy]"
.La Returns:
!.CW c
.or
!.CW hi
."----
.ix "[ctype<char>] [narrow]"
--- 1535,1542 ----
    char* \f6to\fP) const;
.Pe
!.\" USA CD2-22-001 22.2.1.3.2 lib.facet.ctype.char.members
.La Returns:
!.CW "do_widen(\f6low\fP, \f6high\fP, \f6to\fP)" .
!.ix "[do_widen]"
."----
.ix "[ctype<char>] [narrow]"
*****
*** 1458,1480 ****
    char /*dfault*/, char* \f6to\fP) const;
.Pe
-.La Effects:
-.CW "::memcpy(\f6to\fP, \f6low\fP, \f6high\fP-\f6low\fP)"
-.ix "[memcpy]"
.La Returns:
!\f6c\fP or \f6high\fP.
!.eN
! The library WG feels that the members
!.CW widen " and"
!.CW narrow
! should delegate to virtual members
!.CW do_widen
! and
!.CW do_narrow ,
! as in the
!.CW ctype<>
! template, to permit
!.CW char
! encodings that differ from the basic execution character encoding.
!.nE
."----
.ix "[ctype<char>] [table]"
--- 1546,1552 ----
    char /*dfault*/, char* \f6to\fP) const;
.Pe
.La Returns:
!.CW "do_narrow(\f6low\fP, \f6high\fP, \f6to\fP)" .
!.ix "[do_narrow]"
."----
.ix "[ctype<char>] [table]"
*****
*** 1498,1501 ****
--- 1570,1574 ----
."===
.H5 "\&\f7ctype<char>\fP\& virtual functions" lib.facet.ctype.char.virtuals
+.\" USA CD2-22-001 22.2.1.3.4 lib.facet.ctype.char.virtuals
.Pb
char      do_toupper(char) const;
*****

```

```

*** 1503,1506 ****
--- 1576,1588 ----
    char      do_tolower(char) const;
    const char* do_tolower(char* low, const char* high) const;
+
+ virtual char      do_widen(char \f6c\fP) const;
+ virtual const char* do_widen(const char* \f6low\fP,
+                               const char* \f6high\fP,
+                               char* \f6to\fP) const;
+ virtual char      do_narrow(char \f6c\fP, char \f6default\fP) const;
+ virtual const char* do_narrow(const char* \f6low\fP,
+                               const char* \f6high\fP,
+                               char \f6default\fP, char* \f6to\fP) const;
.
.Pe
These functions are described identically as those members of the
*****
*** 1518,1525 ****
protected:
    ~ctype_byname(); \f6// virtual\fP
!
    virtual char      do_toupper(char) const;
    virtual const char* do_toupper(char* \f6low\fP, const char* \f6high\fP) const;
!
    virtual char      do_tolower(char) const;
    virtual const char* do_tolower(char* \f6low\fP, const char* \f6high\fP) const;
}
--- 1600,1616 ----
protected:
    ~ctype_byname(); \f6// virtual\fP
!
    virtual char      do_toupper(char \f6c\fP) const;
    virtual const char* do_toupper(char* \f6low\fP, const char* \f6high\fP) const;
!
    virtual char      do_tolower(char \f6c\fP) const;
    virtual const char* do_tolower(char* \f6low\fP, const char* \f6high\fP) const;
+
+
    virtual char      do_widen(char \f6c\fP) const;
    virtual const char* do_widen(char* \f6low\fP,
+                               const char* \f6high\fP,
+                               char* \f6to\fP) const;
+
    virtual char      do_widen(char \f6c\fP) const;
    virtual const char* do_widen(char* \f6low\fP,
+                               const char* \f6high\fP) const;
+
}
*****
*** 1568,1576 ****
        const internT* \f6from\fP, const internT* \f6from_end\fP, const internT*& \f6f
rom_next\fP,
            externT* \f6to\fP,           externT* \f6to_limit\fP,           externT*& \f6t
o_next\fP) const;
-
    virtual result do_unshift(stateT& \f6state\fP,
-     externT* \f6to\fP,           externT* \f6to_limit\fP,           externT*& \f6t
o_next\fP) const;
    virtual result do_in(stateT& \f6state\fP,
        const externT* \f6from\fP, const externT* \f6from_end\fP, const externT*& \f6f
rom_next\fP,
            internT* \f6to\fP,           internT* \f6to_limit\fP,           internT*& \f6t
o_next\fP) const;
    virtual int do_encoding() const throw();
    virtual bool do_always_noconv() const throw();
--- 1659,1667 ----
        const internT* \f6from\fP, const internT* \f6from_end\fP, const internT*& \f6f
rom_next\fP,
            externT* \f6to\fP,           externT* \f6to_limit\fP,           externT*& \f6t
o_next\fP) const;
    virtual result do_in(stateT& \f6state\fP,
        const externT* \f6from\fP, const externT* \f6from_end\fP, const externT*& \f6f
rom_next\fP,

```

```

        internT* \f6to\fP,           internT* \f6to_limit\fP,           internT*& \f6t
o_next\fP) const;
+     virtual result do_unshift(stateT& \f6state\fP,
+         externT* \f6to\fP,           externT* \f6to_limit\fP,           externT*& \f6t
o_next\fP) const;
    virtual int do_encoding() const throw();
    virtual bool do_always_noconv() const throw();
*****
*** 1593,1610 ****
argument selects the pair of codesets being mapped between.
.P
! Implementations are required to provide instantiations for
! .CW <wchar_t,char,mbstate_t>
and
! .CW <char,char,mbstate_t> .
! The base class instance of the latter implements a degenerate conversion:
! its member
! .CW always_noconv()
! returns
! .CW true
! and
! .CW max_length()
! returns
! .CW 1 .
! ." "The following sentences are from (N0699,22-015)."
Instantiations on
.CW mbstate_t
--- 1684,1698 ----
argument selects the pair of codesets being mapped between.
.P
! ." Germany 22-019(SecondPart) 22 actually 22.2.1.5 lib.locale.codecvt
! The instantiations required in Table 52, namely
! .CW codecvt<wchar_t,char,mbstate_t>
and
! .CW codecvt<char,char,mbstate_t> ,
! convert the implementation-defined native character set.
! .CW codecvt<char,char,mbstate_t>
! implements a degenerate conversion;
! it does not convert at all.
! .CW codecvt<wchar_t,char,mbstate_t>
! converts between the native character sets for tiny and wide characters.
Instantiations on
.CW mbstate_t
*****
*** 1617,1622 ****
the specialized
.CW do_convert
! member. The base class implementations convert the
! implementation-defined native execution codeset.
."----
.H5 "\&\f7codecvt\fP\& members" lib.locale.codecvt.members
--- 1705,1709 ----
the specialized
.CW do_convert
! member.
."----
.H5 "\&\f7codecvt\fP\& members" lib.locale.codecvt.members
*****
*** 1766,1770 ****
.CW stateT()
.Fe
! The base class implementation stores no characters.
.La "Returns"
An enumeration value, as summarized in Table \n+(Tn:
--- 1853,1868 ----
.CW stateT()
.Fe

```

```

! The instantiations required in Table 52, namely
! .CW codecvt<wchar_t,char,mbstate_t>
! and
! .CW codecvt<char,char,mbstate_t> ,
! store no characters.
! .\" Germany CD2-22-023 lib.locale.codecvt.virtuals
! .\" USA CD2-22-023 [duplicate issue]
! Stores no more than
! .CW "(\f6to_limit\fP-\f6to\fP)
! destination elements.
! It always leaves the \&\f6to_next\fP\& pointer
! pointing one beyond the last element successfully stored.
.La "Returns"
An enumeration value, as summarized in Table \n+(Tn:
*****
*** 1783,1787 ****
.TE
.Te
! The base class implementation returns
.CW noconv .
.\"
--- 1881,1886 ---
.TE
.Te
! .CW codecvt<char,char,mbstate_t> ,
! returns
.CW noconv .
.\"
***** 
*** 1813,1823 ****
returns
.CW noconv
! for all valid argument values. The base class implementation
! for the instantiation
! .CW <char,char,mbstate_t>
returns
! .CW true ;
! others return
! .CW false .
.\"
.\"
--- 1912,1921 ---
returns
.CW noconv
! for all valid argument values.
! .CW codecvt<char,char,mbstate_t> ,
returns
! .CW true .
! .\" Germany CD2-33-024 22.2.1.5 lib.locale.codecvt
! .\" USA Cd2-22-024 [duplicate issue]
.\"
.\"
***** 
*** 1845,1849 ****
or fewer valid complete characters of type
.CW \f6internT\fP .
! The base class implementation returns the lesser of
.CW \f6max\fP
and
--- 1943,1951 ---
or fewer valid complete characters of type
.CW \f6internT\fP .
! The instantiations required in Table 52, namely
! .CW codecvt<wchar_t,char,mbstate_t>
! and
! .CW codecvt<char,char,mbstate_t> ,
! return the lesser of

```

```

.CW \f6max\fP
and
*****
*** 1864,1867 ****
--- 1966,1971 ----
value
.CW \f6state\fP .
+ .CW codecvt<char,char,mbstate_t>
+ returns 1.
.\
.\
*****
*** 1868,1871 ****
--- 1972,1976 ----
.H4 "Template class \&\f7codecvt_byname\fP\&" lib.locale.codecvtbyname
.ix "[codecvt_byname]"
+ .\" USA CD2-22-006 22.2.1.6 lib.locale.codecvtbyname [add do_unshift]
.Cb
namespace std {
*****
*** 1882,1885 ****
--- 1987,1992 ----
    const externT* \f6from\fP, const externT* \f6from_end\fP, const externT*& \f6f
rom_next\fP,
        internT* \f6to\fP,           internT* \f6to_limit\fP,           internT*& \f6t
o_next\fP) const;
+     virtual result do_unshift(stateT& \f6state\fP,
+         externT* \f6to\fP,           externT* \f6to_limit\fP,           externT*& \f6t
o_next\fP) const;
        virtual int do_encoding() const throw();
        virtual bool do_always_noconv() const throw();
*****
*** 1886,1889 ****
--- 1993,1998 ----
    virtual int do_length(const stateT&, const externT* \f6from\fP, const externT* \f6end\fP,
                           size_t \f6max\fP) const;
+     virtual result do_unshift(stateT& \f6state\fP,
+         externT* \f6to\fP, externT* \f6to_limit\fP, externT*& \f6to_next\fP) const;
        virtual int do_max_length() const throw();
    };
*****
*** 1892,1895 ****
--- 2001,2005 ----
.\
.\
.H3 "The numeric category" lib.category.numeric
+ .\" Germany _2222/ 22.2.2 lib.category.numeric [C and C++ locales - No changes]
.P
The classes
*****
*** 1909,1913 ****
.Fe
.P
! The base class implementation refers to the
.CW ios_base&
argument for formatting specifications (_lib.locale.categories_),
--- 2019,2037 ----
.Fe
.P
! .\" Germany CD2-22-019(SecondPart) 22 actually 22.2.2 lib.category.numeric
! All specifications of member functions for
! num_put
! and
! num_get
! in the subclauses of _lib.category.numeric_ only apply to the
! instantiations required in Table 52 and Table 53, namely
! .CW num_get<char> ,

```

```

! .CW num_get<wchar_t> ,
! .CW num_get<C,InputIterator> ,
! .CW num_put<char> ,
! .CW num_put<wchar_t> ,
! and
! .CW num_put<C,OutputIterator> .
! These instantiations refer to the
.CW ios_base&
argument for formatting specifications (_lib.locale.categories_),
*****
*** 2042,2050 ****
.CW "use_facet< ctype<charT> >(\f6loc\fP)" ,
and
! .CW "use_facet< numpunct<charT> >(\f6loc\fP)" .
If an error occurs, \f6val\fP
is unchanged; otherwise it is set to the resulting value.
.P
! The details of this operation occur in two stages
.LI
Stage 1: Determine a conversion specifier
--- 2166,2179 ----
.CW "use_facet< ctype<charT> >(\f6loc\fP)" ,
and
! .CW "use_facet< numpunct<charT> >(\f6loc\fP)" ,
! where
! .I loc
! is
! .CW \f6str\fP.getloc() .
If an error occurs, \f6val\fP
is unchanged; otherwise it is set to the resulting value.
.P
! .\" USA CD2-22-015 22.2.2.1.2 lib.facet.num.get.virtuals ["three" stages]
! The details of this operation occur in three stages
.LI
Stage 1: Determine a conversion specifier
*****
*** 2059,2063 ****
.br
The details of the stages are presented below.
! .IR in .
.La "Stage 1:"
The function initializes local variables via
--- 2188,2192 ----
.br
The details of the stages are presented below.
! .I in .
.La "Stage 1:"
The function initializes local variables via
*****
*** 2066,2077 ****
fmtflags basefield = (flags & ios_base::basefield);
fmtflags uppercase = (flags & ios_base::uppercase);
- fmtflags basefield = (flags & ios_base::basefield);
- fmtflags boolalpha = (flags & ios_base::boolalpha);
.Ce
.La ""
For conversion to an integral type, the
! function determines the integral conversion specifier as indicated in Table \n+(Tn:
! .Ts "Integer conversions"
.na
.TS
box center;
--- 2195,2210 ----
fmtflags basefield = (flags & ios_base::basefield);
fmtflags uppercase = (flags & ios_base::uppercase);
fmtflags boolalpha = (flags & ios_base::boolalpha);
.Ce

```

```

+ .\" Germany 1 Editorial 22.2.2.1.2 lib.facet.num.get.virtuals ["basefield" twice?]
.La ""
+ .\" Germany _222212/(TheSecondOne) 22.2.2.1.2 lib.facet.num.get.virtuals [re Table 5
6]
+ .\" Germany _222212/d 22.2.2.1.2 lib.facet.num.get.virtuals [resolved by /TheSecondO
ne]
    For conversion to an integral type, the
! function determines the integral conversion specifier as indicated in Table \n+(Tn.
! The table is ordered.
! That is, the first line whose condition is true applies.
.na
+ .\" Germany _222212/b 22.2.2.1.2 lib.facet.num.get.virtuals [redundant %x in table 5
6]
.TS
box center;
*****
*** 2082,2087 ****
basefield == oct      %o

- basefield == hex && !uppercase          %x
-
basefield == hex      %x

--- 2215,2218 ----
*****
*** 2132,2135 ****
--- 2263,2270 ----
.CW chart
is taken from \f6in\fP and local variables are initialized as if by
+ .\" USA CD2-22-002 22.2.2.1.2 lib.facet.num.get.virtuals [revise without 'narrow']
+.eN
+ Re-write without "narrow", as per 22-002 - NCM.
+.nE
.Cb
char_type ct = *in ;
*****
*** 2150,2154 ****
returned by stage 1. If so it is accumulated.
.La ""
! If the character is neither discarded nor accumulated then \f6in\fP
is advanced by
.CW ++in
--- 2285,2291 ----
returned by stage 1. If so it is accumulated.
.La ""
!.\" Germany _222212/(TheFirstOne) 22.2.2.1.2 lib.facet.num.get.virtuals ["either/or"]
!
!.\" USA CD2-22-016 22.2.2.1.2 [duplicate issue]
! If the character is either discarded or accumulated then \f6in\fP
is advanced by
.CW ++in
*****
*** 2161,2165 ****
has been accumulated in stage 2 that is converted (according to the
rules of
! .CW std::scanf)
to a value of the type of \f6val\fP. This value is
stored in \f6val\fP\& and
--- 2298,2302 ----
has been accumulated in stage 2 that is converted (according to the
rules of
! .CW scanf)
to a value of the type of \f6val\fP. This value is
stored in \f6val\fP\& and
*****
*** 2171,2183 ****
accumulated in stage 2 would have caused scanf to report an input failure.

```

```

.CW ios_base::failbit
! is assigned to
! .IR err .
.br
Digit grouping is checked. That is, the positions of discarded
separators is examined for consistency with
! .CW "use_facet<numpunct<charT>>(\f6loc\fP).grouping()"
! .eN
! Is the treatment of separators here clear?
! .nE
If they are not consistent then
.CW ios_base::failbit
--- 2308,2319 ----
accumulated in stage 2 would have caused scanf to report an input failure.
.CW ios_base::failbit
! is assigned to
! .I err .
.br
+ .\" Germany _222212/c 22.2.2.1.2 lib.facet.num.get.virtuals [re-edit the "grouping"]
+ .P
Digit grouping is checked. That is, the positions of discarded
separators is examined for consistency with
! .CW "use_facet<numpunct<charT>>(\f6loc\fP).grouping()" .
If they are not consistent then
.CW ios_base::failbit
*****
*** 2194,2201 ****
.Pe
.La Effects:
If
.CW "(\f6str\f7.flags()&&ios_base::boolalpha)==0"
! then input proceeds as it would for an
! .CW int
except that if a value is being stored into \f6val\fP,
the value is determined according to the following:
--- 2330,2338 ----
.Pe
.La Effects:
+ .\" Germany _222212/(TheThirdOne) 22.2.2.1.2 lib.facet.num.get.virtuals [int->long]
If
.CW "(\f6str\f7.flags()&&ios_base::boolalpha)==0"
! then input proceeds as it would for a
! .CW long
except that if a value is being stored into \f6val\fP,
the value is determined according to the following:
*****
*** 2298,2303 ****
--- 2435,2443 ----
.H5 "\&\f7num_put\fP\& members" lib.facet.num.put.members
.ix "[num_put] [put]"
+ .\" Germany _222212/ 22.2.2.2.1 lib.facet.num.put.members [add put for bool]
.Pb
iter_type put(iter_type \f6out\fP, ios_base& \f6str\fP, char_type \f6fill\fP,
+           bool \f6val\fP) const;
+ iter_type put(iter_type \f6out\fP, ios_base& \f6str\fP, char_type \f6fill\fP,
           long \f6val\fP) const;
iter_type put(iter_type \f6out\fP, ios_base& \f6str\fP, char_type \f6fill\fP,
*****
*** 2336,2341 ****
    locale \f6loc\fP = \f6str\fP.getloc();
.Ce
.Pa
! The base class implementation is described in several stages
.LI
Stage 1:
--- 2476,2482 ----
    locale \f6loc\fP = \f6str\fP.getloc();

```

```

.Ce
+ .\" Germany CD2-22-019(SecondPart) 22 actually 22.2.2.2.2 lib.facet.num.put.virtuals
.Pa
! The details of this operation occur in several stages:
.LI
Stage 1:
*****
*** 2345,2349 ****
given this conversion specifier for
.Cb
!     std::printf(\&\f6spec\fP, \f6val\fP\&)
.Ce
assuming that the current locale is
--- 2486,2490 ----
given this conversion specifier for
.Cb
!     printf(\&\f6spec\fP, \f6val\fP\&)
.Ce
assuming that the current locale is
*****
*** 2372,2377 ****
The first action of stage 1 is to determine a conversion specifier.
The tables that describe this determination use the following local variables
.Cb
!     fmtflags flags = this->flags() ;
fmtflags basefield = (flags & (ios_base::basefield));
fmtflags uppercase = (flags & (ios_base::uppercase));
--- 2513,2520 ----
The first action of stage 1 is to determine a conversion specifier.
The tables that describe this determination use the following local variables
+ .\" Germany _222222/a 22.2.2.2.2 lib.facet.num.put.virtuals [use str.flags()]
+ .\" Netherlands _222222/ [duplicate issue]
.Cb
!     fmtflags flags = str.flags() ;
fmtflags basefield = (flags & (ios_base::basefield));
fmtflags uppercase = (flags & (ios_base::uppercase));
*****
*** 2382,2386 ****
.La ""
All tables used in describing stage 1 are ordered.
! That is. the first line whose condition is true applies.
A line without a condition is the default behavior when none of the earlier
lines apply.
--- 2525,2530 ----
.La ""
All tables used in describing stage 1 are ordered.
! .\" trivial edit, the next comma was a period
! That is, the first line whose condition is true applies.
A line without a condition is the default behavior when none of the earlier
lines apply.
*****
*** 2435,2438 ****
--- 2579,2583 ----
type a length modifier is added to the
conversion specifier as indicated in Table \n+(Tn.
+ .\" Germany _222222/f 22.2.2.2.2 lib.facet.num.put.virtuals [remove "short" in table
]
.Ts "Length modifier"
.na
*****
*** 2443,2450 ****
type length modifier
=
- short h
-
- unsigned short      h
-

```

```

long l
--- 2588,2591 ----
*****
*** 2469,2473 ****
=
T{
! an integral type other than a character type
T}    flags & showpos +
\^    flags & showbase      #
--- 2610,2614 ----
=
T{
! an integral type
T}    flags & showpos +
\^    flags & showbase      #
*****
*** 2478,2488 ****
.ad
.Te
.La ""
For conversion from a floating-point type, if
! .CW "(flags() & fixed) != 0"
or if
! .CW "precision() > 0" ,
then
! .CW precision()
is specified in the conversion specification.
.La ""
--- 2619,2630 ----
.ad
.Te
+ ." Germany _222222/g 22.2.2.2.2 lib.facet.num.put.virtuals [drop "other than char"]
.La ""
For conversion from a floating-point type, if
! .CW "(flags & fixed) != 0"
or if
! .CW "\f6str\fP.precision() > 0" ,
then
! .CW \f6str\fP.precision()
is specified in the conversion specification.
.La ""
*****
*** 2499,2506 ****
.sp
.La "Stage 2:"
Any character \f6c\fP other than a decimal point(.) is converted to a
.CW chart
via
! .CW "chart(\&\f6c\fP\&)"
.P
A local variable \f6punct\fP is initialized via
--- 2641,2649 ----
.sp
.La "Stage 2:"
+ ." Germany _222222/e 22.2.2.2.2 lib.facet.num.put.virtuals [use "widen" not "chart"]
]
Any character \f6c\fP other than a decimal point(.) is converted to a
.CW chart
via
! .CW "use_facet<ctype<chart> >(\f6loc\fP).widen(\&\f6c\fP\&)"
.P
A local variable \f6punct\fP is initialized via
*****
*** 2525,2529 ****
.Ce
.La ""

```

```

! The location of any padding is determined according to Table \n+(Tn:
." X3J16/95-0149==WG21/N0749
.Ts "Fill padding"
--- 2668,2681 ----
.Ce
.La ""
! The location of any padding\f is determined according to Table \n+(Tn:
!.Fs
! The conversion specification
!.CW #o
! generates a leading
!.CW 0
! which is
!.I not
! a padding character.
!.Fe
." X3J16/95-0149==WG21/N0749
.Ts "Fill padding"
*****
*** 2550,2577 ****
T}    pad after x or X

! \f6otherwise\fP      pad before stage 2 sequence
.TE
.ad
.Te
!.Fs
! The conversion specification
!.CW #o
! generates a leading
!.CW 0
! which is
!.I not
! a padding character.
!.Fe
.La ""
!.CW width()
is nonzero and the number of
.CW chart 's
! in the sequence after stage 3 is less than
!.CW width(),
then enough \f6fill\fP characters are added to the sequence at the position
indicated for padding to bring the length of the sequence to
!.CW width().
.La ""
!.CW width(0)
is called.
.sp
--- 2702,2723 ----
T}    pad after x or X

! \f6otherwise\fP      pad before
.TE
.ad
.Te
!.\" Germany _222222/c 22.2.2.2.2 lib.facet.num.put.virtuals [drop "stage 2 sequence"
]
.La ""
!.\" Germany _222222/b 22.2.2.2.2 lib.facet.num.put.virtuals ["If", and "stage 2"]
! If
!.CW \f6str\fP.width()
is nonzero and the number of
.CW chart 's
! in the sequence after stage 2 is less than
!.CW \f6str\fP.width(),
then enough \f6fill\fP characters are added to the sequence at the position
indicated for padding to bring the length of the sequence to

```

```

! .CW \f6str\fP.width() .
.La ""
! .CW \f6str\fP.width(0)
is called.
.sp
*****
*** 2583,2589 ****
    *\f6out\fP++ = c
.Ce
! If at any point
! .CW out.failed()
becomes true, then output is terminated.
.Pb
iter_type put(iter_type \f6out\fP, ios_base& \f6str\fP, char_type \f6fill\fP,
--- 2729,2733 ---
    *\f6out\fP++ = c
.Ce
! ." USA CD2-22-003 22.2.2.2 lib.facet.num.put.virtuals [out.failed() is undefined]
.Pb
iter_type put(iter_type \f6out\fP, ios_base& \f6str\fP, char_type \f6fill\fP,
*****
*** 2594,2599 ****
.CW (\f6str\fP.flags()&ios_base::boolalpha)==0
then do
.Cb
!     \f6out\fP = put(\f6out\fP&, \f6str\fP&, \f6fill\fP&, (int)\f6val\fP&)
.Ce
Otherwise do
--- 2738,2744 ---
.CW (\f6str\fP.flags()&ios_base::boolalpha)==0
then do
+ ." Germany _222222/d 22.2.2.2.2 lib.facet.num.put.virtuals ["put" becomes "do_put"]
.Cb
!     \f6out\fP = do_put(\f6out\fP&, \f6str\fP&, \f6fill\fP&, (int)\f6val\fP&)
.Ce
Otherwise do
*****
*** 2604,2608 ****
.Ce
and then insert the characters of \f6s\fP into \f6out\fP.
! .IR out .
.\"===
.H3 "The numeric punctuation facet" lib.facet.numpunct
--- 2749,2753 ---
.Ce
and then insert the characters of \f6s\fP into \f6out\fP.
! .I out .
.\"===
.H3 "The numeric punctuation facet" lib.facet.numpunct
*****
*** 2645,2653 ****
.CW numpunct<>
specifies numeric punctuation.
! The base class provides classic
.CW C \'\' `(``'
! numeric formats, while the
!.CW _byname \'\' `(``...
! version supports named locale (e.g. POSIX, X/Open) numeric formatting semantics.
.P
The syntax for number formats is as follows, where
--- 2790,2806 ---
.CW numpunct<>
specifies numeric punctuation.
! ." Germany CD2-22-019(SecondPart) 22 actually 22.2.3.1 lib.locale.numpunct
! The instantiations required in Table 52, namely
!.CW numpunct<wchar_t>
! and

```

```

! .CW numpunct<char> ,
! provide classic
.CW C \'( ``\(``)
! numeric formats,
! i.e. they contain information equivalent to that contained in the
! .CW C \'( ``\(``)
! locale or their wide character counterparts as if obtained by
! a call to
! .CW widen.
.P
The syntax for number formats is as follows, where
*****
*** 2737,2741 ****
.La Returns:
A character for use as the decimal radix separator.
! The base class implementation returns \f5'.'\fP.
.\`-----.
.ix "[numpunct] [do_thousands_sep]"
--- 2890,2896 ---
.La Returns:
A character for use as the decimal radix separator.
! .\" USA CD2-22-017 22.2.3.1.2 lib.facet.numpunct.virtuals [values might be wide]
! .\" Germany CD2-22-019(SecondPart) 2 actually 22.2.3.1.2 lib.facet.numpunct.virtuals
! The required instantiations return \f5'.'\fP or \f5L'.'\fP.
.\`-----.
.ix "[numpunct] [do_thousands_sep]"
*****
*** 2745,2749 ****
.La Returns:
A character for use as the digit group separator.
! The base class implementation returns \f5','\fP.
.\`-----.
.ix "[numpunct] [do_grouping]"
--- 2900,2904 ---
.La Returns:
A character for use as the digit group separator.
! The required instantiations return \f5','\fP or \f5L','\fP.
.\`-----.
.ix "[numpunct] [do_grouping]"
*****
*** 2757,2762 ****
represents the number of digits\f
.Fs
Thus, the string \f5"\e003"\fP specifies groups of 3 digits each, and
! \f5"3"\fP probably indicates groups of 51 (!) digits each.
.Fe
in the group at position \f6i\fP, starting with position 0 as the
--- 2912,2921 ---
represents the number of digits\f
.Fs
+ .\""
Thus, the string \f5"\e003"\fP specifies groups of 3 digits each, and
! \f5"3"\fP probably indicates groups of 51 (!) digits each,
! because 51 is the ASCII value of \f5"3"\fP.
! .\" Germany CD2-22-032 22.2.3.1.2 lib.facet.numpunct.virtuals [explain "51"]
! .\" USA CD2-22-032 [duplicate issue]
.Fe
in the group at position \f6i\fP, starting with position 0 as the
*****
*** 2770,2774 ****
the size of the digit group is unlimited.
.br
! The base class implementation returns the empty string, indicating
no grouping.
.\`-----.
--- 2929,2934 ---
the size of the digit group is unlimited.

```

```

.br
! .\" Germany CD2-22-019(SecondPart) 2 actually 22.2.3.1.2 lib.facet.numpunct.virtuals
! The required instantiations return the empty string, indicating
no grouping.
.\-----
*****
*** 2786,2790 ****
.br
In the base class implementation these names are
! \f5"true"\fP and \f5"false"\fP.
.\-----
.H4 "Template class \&\f7numpunct_byname\fP\&" lib.locale.numpunctbyname
--- 2946,2950 ----
.br
In the base class implementation these names are
! \f5"true"\fP and \f5"false"\fP, or \f5L"true"\fP and \f5L"false"\fP.
.\-----
.H4 "Template class \&\f7numpunct_byname\fP\&" lib.locale.numpunctbyname
*****
*** 2851,2855 ****
uses the collate facet to allow a locale to act directly as the predicate
argument for standard algorithms (_lib.algorithms_) and containers operating on stri
ngs.
! The base class implementation applies lexicographic ordering (_lib.alg.lex.compariso
n_).
.P
Each function compares a string of characters
--- 3011,3019 ----
uses the collate facet to allow a locale to act directly as the predicate
argument for standard algorithms (_lib.algorithms_) and containers operating on stri
ngs.
! The instantiations required in Table 52, namely
! .CW collate<char>
! and
! .CW collate<wchar_t> ,
! apply lexicographic ordering (_lib.alg.lex.comparison_).
.P
Each function compares a string of characters
*****
*** 2893,2897 ****
if the first string is greater than the second,
.CW -1
! if less, zero otherwise. The base class implementation implements
a lexicographical comparison (_lib.alg.lex.comparison_).
.\"
--- 3057,3067 ----
if the first string is greater than the second,
.CW -1
! if less, zero otherwise.
!.\" Germany CD2-22-019(SecondPart) 22 actually 22.2.4.1 lib.locale.collate
! The instantiations required in Table 52, namely
! .CW collate<char>
! and
! .CW collate<wchar_t> ,
! implement
a lexicographical comparison (_lib.alg.lex.comparison_).
.\"
*****
*** 2952,2955 ****
--- 3122,3147 ----
.CW time_put<charT,OutputIterator>
provide date and time formatting and parsing.
+ .\" Germany _222/5 22.2
+ .eN
+ The effect of the ios_base argument to member functions of time_put
+ and time_get is unspecified. Do they have any effect at all? Which
+ format flags are ignored? Or is it undefined, or

```

```

+ implementation-dependent?
+
+ Actually, the same is true for the monetary facets. For instance, do
+ the dec, hex, oct flags have any effect on the formatting of monetary
+ amounts, or is it implementation-dependent whether they have an
+ effect?
+
+ Date/time and money formats are
+ implementation-defined.
+.nE
+.\" Germany CD2-22-019(SecondPart) 22 actually 22.2.5 lib.category.time
+ All specifications of member functions for
+ time_put
+ and
+ time_get
+ in the subclauses of _lib.category.time_ only apply to the
+ instantiations required in Table 52 and Table 53.
Their members use their
.CW ios_base& ,
*****
*** 3254,3257 ****
--- 3446,3454 ----
.CW ctype<>::narrow()
to identify format specifiers.
+.\" Germany CD2-22-034 2.2.5.3.1 lib.locale.time.put.members
+.\" USA CD2-22-034 [duplicate issue]
+.eN
+ Add wording as per 22-034 - NCM.
+.nE
.N[
This implies that if
*****
*** 3314,3321 ****
local or international monetary formats are to be used.
.P
!.CW money_get<>
and
!.CW money_put<>
members use their
.CW ios_base& ,
.CW ios_base::iostate& ,
--- 3511,3522 ----
local or international monetary formats are to be used.
.P
!.\" Germany CD2-22-019(SecondPart) 22 actually 22.2.2 lib.category.numeric
! All specifications of member functions for
!.CW money_put
and
!.CW money_get
! in the subclauses of _lib.category.monetary_ only apply to the
! instantiations required in Table 52 and Table 53.
! Their members use their
.CW ios_base& ,
.CW ios_base::iostate& ,
*****
*** 3327,3330 ****
--- 3528,3533 ----
.CW ctype<>
facets, to determine formatting details.
+.\" Germany CD2-22-026 22.2.6 lib.category.monetary [decision: no change]
+.\" USA CD2-22-026 [duplicate issue, no change]
.\"----
.H4 "Template class \&\f7money_get\fP\&" lib.locale.money.get
*****
*** 3351,3356 ****
string_type& \f6digits\fP) const;
.Ce

```

```

.Cb
-     static const bool intl = Intl;
     static locale::id id;
.Ce
--- 3554,3561 ----
               string_type& \f6digits\fP) const;
.Ce
+ .\" Germany CD2-22-028 22.2.6, actually 22.2.6.1, lib.category.monetary
+ .\" Germany _2226/ [additional discussion]
+ .\" [There was no Intl template parm for the static.]
.Cb
     static locale::id id;
.Ce
*****
*** 3358,3362 ****
protected:
~money_get(); \f6// virtual\fP
!   virtual iter_type do_get(iter_type, , iter_type, bool, ios_base&,
                           ios_base::iostate& \f6err\fP, long double& \f6units\fP)
const;
    virtual iter_type do_get(iter_type, iter_type, bool, ios_base&,
--- 3563,3567 ----
protected:
~money_get(); \f6// virtual\fP
!   virtual iter_type do_get(iter_type, iter_type, bool, ios_base&,
                           ios_base::iostate& \f6err\fP, long double& \f6units\fP)
const;
    virtual iter_type do_get(iter_type, iter_type, bool, ios_base&,
*****
*** 3455,3460 ****
An iterator pointing immediately beyond the last character recognized
as part of a valid monetary quantity.
.eN
! The description above needs further review.
.nE
.\"
--- 3660,3666 ----
An iterator pointing immediately beyond the last character recognized
as part of a valid monetary quantity.
+ .\" Germany CD2-22-031 22.2.6.1.2 lib.locale.money.get.virtuals [more about errors]
.eN
! Incorporate discussion of error state as per 22-031 - NCM.
.nE
.\"
*****
*** 3462,3467 ****
.ix "[money_put]"
.Cb
namespace std {
!   template <class charT, bool Intl = false,
              class OutputIterator = ostreambuf_iterator<charT> >
     class money_put : public locale::facet {
--- 3668,3674 ----
.ix "[money_put]"
.Cb
+ .\" Germany _2226/ 22.2.6 actually 22.2.6.2 [drop Intl]
namespace std {
!   template <class charT,
              class OutputIterator = ostreambuf_iterator<charT> >
     class money_put : public locale::facet {
*****
*** 3522,3526 ****
.CW moneypunct<charT,true>
or
! .CW moneypunch<charT,false>
facet of \f6loc\fP (depending on whether \f6intl\fP is
.CW true

```

```

--- 3729,3733 ----
.CW moneypunct<charT,true>
or
! .CW moneypunct<charT,false>
facet of \f6loc\fP (depending on whether \f6intl\fP is
.CW true
*****
*** 3536,3543 ****
.La Notes:
The currency symbol is generated only if
! .CW "(\f6str\fP.flags() & ios_type::showbase)"
is true.
If
! .CW "((\f6str\fP.flags() & ios_type::adjustfield) == ios_type::internal)"
the fill characters are placed where
.CW none
--- 3743,3751 ----
.La Notes:
The currency symbol is generated only if
! .\" Germany _222622/ 22.2.6.2.2. lib.locale.money.put.virtuals
! .CW "(\f6str\fP.flags() & ios_base::showbase)"
is true.
If
! .CW "((\f6str\fP.flags() & ios_base::adjustfield) == ios_base::internal)"
the fill characters are placed where
.CW none
*****
*** 3622,3625 ****
--- 3830,3845 ----
decimal point is exactly the value returned by
.CW frac_digits .
+ .\" Germany CD2-22-021 22.2.6.3 lib.locale.moneypunct [more about money_base::part]
+ .eN
+ More description of money_base::part as per 22-021 - NCM.
+ .nE
+ .\" Germany CD2-22-022 22.2.6.3 lib.locale.moneypunct
+ .eN
+ More about why "pattern" is "char", as per 22-022 - NCM.
+ .nE
+ .\" Germany CD2-22-030 22.2.6.4, really 22.2.6.3, lib.locale.moneypunct
+ .nE
+ More about "space" and "none", as per 22-030 - NCM.
+ .nE
.\"
.H5 "\&\f7moneypunct\fP\& members" lib.locale.moneypunct.members
*****
*** 3715,3718 ****
--- 3935,3939 ----
int do_frac_digits() const;
.Pe
+ .\" Germany _222632/ 22.2.6.3.2 lib.locale.moneypunct.virtuals [no changes]
.La Returns:
The number of digits after the decimal radix separator, if any.\*f
*****
*** 3746,3754 ****
if present, is neither first nor last.
Otherwise, the elements may appear in any order.
! The base class implementation returns an object of type
.CW pattern
initialized to
! .CW "{ symbol, sign, none, value }" ;
! this value is also returned for all international instantiations.\*f
.Fs
Note that the international symbol returned by
--- 3967,3981 ----
if present, is neither first nor last.
Otherwise, the elements may appear in any order.

```

```
! .\" Germany CD2-22-019(SecondPart) 22 actually 22.2.6.3.2 lib.locale.moneypunct.virtuals
! The instantiations required in Table 52, namely
! .CW moneypunct<char> ,
! .CW moneypunct<wchar_t> ,
! .CW moneypunct<char,true> ,
! and
! .CW moneypunct<wchar_t,true> ,
! return an object of type
.CW pattern
initialized to
! .CW "{ symbol, sign, none, value }" .\*f
.Fs
Note that the international symbol returned by
*****
*** 3879,3882 ****
--- 4106,4110 ----
is used for character set code conversion when retrieving
messages, if needed.
+ .\" Germany _222712/a 22.2.7.1.2 lib.locale.messages.virtuals [no changes]
.\"
.ix "[messages] [do_get]"
*****
*** 4054,4057 ****
--- 4282,4287 ----
}
.Ce
+ .\" Netherlands _2211/c 22.1.2 actually 22.2.8 [cerberos needs ctor argument]
+ .\" USA CD2-22-009 22.1.1 lib.locale [duplicate issue]
.Cb
    std::istream& operator>>(std::istream& s, Date& d)
*****
*** 4058,4062 ****
{
    using namespace std;
!     istream::sentry cerberos;
    if (cerberos) {
        ios_base::iostate err = goodbit;
--- 4288,4292 ----
{
    using namespace std;
!     istream::sentry cerberos(s);
    if (cerberos) {
        ios_base::iostate err = goodbit;
```