N. Josuttis: P2432R1: Fix istream view

Project: ISO JTC1/SC22/WG21: Programming Language C++

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Audience: LEWG, LWG

Issues:

Fix istream_view, Rev 1

This paper fixes a fundamental design problem with the current helper function std::ranges::istream_view<>() that cause multiple inconsistences and unnecessary code overhead when declaring istream_view objects.

Tony Table:

Before	After
<pre>std::ranges::istream_view<int> v{mystream} // ERROR</int></pre>	std::ranges::istream_view <int> v{mystream} // OK</int>
std::ranges::istream_view <int>(mystream) // OK</int>	std::ranges::istream_view <int>(mystream) // still OK</int>
<pre>// using input stream for wchar_t: std::ranges::istream_view<int>{mywstream}</int></pre>	<pre>// using input stream for wchar_t: std::ranges::wistream_view<int>{mywstream} // or: std::views::istream<int>(mywstream)</int></int></pre>
<pre>// using input stream for other char type: std::ranges::istream_view<int>{u8stream}</int></pre>	<pre>// using input stream for other char type: std::views::istream<int>(u8stream)</int></pre>

Rev1:

Small fixes on examples and wording.

Rev0:

First initial version.

Motivation

The current definition of std::ranges::istream_view() breaks several basic conventions:

- This would be the first type called basic_xyz that has a corresponding symbol xyz that is not a type.
- This would be the only symbol xyz_view that is not a view type, but a function (usually, we have corresponding adaptors in namespace std::views as functions).

It hinders to declare an istream view just as follows:

Instead, the programmer has to implement:

```
std::istringstream mystream{"0 1 2 3 4"};
std::ranges::basic_istream_view<int, char> v{mystream};
```

It also confuses programmers because using {} to create a temporary istream view does not compile (and yields an even more confusing error message):

}

Instead, the programmer has to implement

```
for (int val : std::ranges::istream_view<int>(mystream)) {
or:
    for (int val : std::ranges::basic_istream_view<int, char>{mystream}) {
        ...
}
```

Therefore, this paper proposes to fix this design mistake so that we follow the usual conventions. The fix should be a defect against C++20.

In addition, this view is the only type xyz_view without a adaptor in namespace std::view. So I propose to add it.

wistream_view

We have to decide whether also to support other char types with a corresponding convenience function: wistream_view, u8istream_view, u16istream_view, u32istream_view

In C++20, currently, We have full support for char, wchar_t, char8_t, char16_t, and char32_t only for:

- basic_string
- · basic string view
- streampos

We only have support for char and wchar_t for

- basic_istream, basic_ostream, basic_iostream
- basic_istringstream, basic_ostringstream, basic_stringstream
- basic_stringbuf
- basic_filebuf
- basic streambuf
- basic_format

As this feature belongs to the stream area, I propose only to standardize types istream_view and wistream_view.

Backward Compatibility

```
or to:
    for (int val : std::views::istream<int>(mywstream)) {
        ...
}

Code using this view for UTF strings:
    for (int val : std::ranges::istream_view<int>(ustream)) {
        ...
}

will no longer compile, but can easily be converted to:
    for (int val : std::ranges::basic_istream_view<int, char8_t>(ustream)) {
        ...
}

or to:
    for (int val : std::views::istream<int>(ustream)) {
        ...
}
```

I don't assume that much code like that is written yet. And the way to perform the fix is easy.

Overall consistency is far more worth because otherwise programmers using char streams have to pay a significant price (plus confusion due to inconsistent design).

Proposed Solution

In 24.2 Header <ranges> synopsis [ranges.syn]

replace

```
template<class Val, class CharT, class Traits>
basic_istream_view<Val, CharT, Traits> istream_view(basic_istream<CharT, Traits>& s);

by

template<class Val>
    using istream_view = basic_istream_view<Val, char>;
    template<class Val>
    using wistream_view = basic_istream_view<Val, wchar_t>;

namespace views { template<class T>
    inline constexpr unspecified istream = unspecified; }
```

In 24.6.5.1 Overview [range.istream.overview]

insert after paragraph 1 before the example:

```
The name views::istream<T> denotes a customization point object (16.3.3.3.6). Given a type T and a subexpression E of type U, if U models derived_from<br/>
U::char_type, typename U::traits_type>>, then the expression views::istream<T>(E) is expression-equivalent to basic_istream_view<T, typename U::char_type, typename U::traits_type>, typename U::traits_type>(E); otherwise, views::istream<T>(E) is ill-formed.
```

In 24.6.5.2 Class template basic_istream_view [range.istream.view]

strike:

```
template<class Val, class CharT, class Traits>
basic_istream_view<Val, CharT, Traits> istream_view(basic_istream<CharT, Traits>& s);
a-Effects: Equivalent to: return basic_istream_view<Val, CharT, Traits>{s};
```

Feature Test Macro

This should be a defect against C++20.

No feature test macro as basic_istream_view can be used with the old and new version.

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Forgive me if I forgot anybody.